


PATH-DEPENDENT OPTION VALUATION WITH PDES (TEST CASE FOR MULTI-DIMENSIONAL ADVECTION SCHEMES?)

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BLACK-SCHOLES(-MERTON) PDE

 nobelprize.org/prizes/economic-sciences/1997/summary

THE
NOBEL
PRIZE

Sveriges Riksbank Prize in Economic Sciences in
Memory of Alfred Nobel 1997





BLACK-SCHOLES(-MERTON) PDE

☒ SDE for proportional asset returns:

$$dS_t/S_t = \mu dt + \sigma dW_t$$

☒ option price process:

$$f(S_t, t)$$

☒ delta-hedged portfolio (sell option, buy Δ_t assets):

$$\Pi_t = -f(S_t, t) + \Delta_t S_t$$

☒ Itô's lemma applied to $f(S_t, t)$:

SDE \rightsquigarrow PDE for df

☒ no arbitrage (risk-free interest rate r):

$$d\Pi_t/dt = \Pi_t r$$



$$\frac{\partial f}{\partial t} + rS \frac{\partial f}{\partial S} + \frac{\sigma^2}{2} S^2 \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial S^2} - rf = 0$$



(terminal value problem, analytic solutions for vanilla options)



B-S-(M) PDE AS A TRANSPORT PROBLEM

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{[Upward Trending Line]} \\ \frac{\partial f}{\partial t} + rS \frac{\partial f}{\partial S} + \frac{\sigma^2}{2} S^2 \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial S^2} - rf = 0 \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{c} \text{[Downward Trending Line]} \end{array}$$

$x = \ln S \rightarrow$ *[Math Processing Error]*

$$\psi = e^{-rt} f \text{ (discounted value)} \rightarrow \frac{\partial \psi}{\partial t} + u \frac{\partial \psi}{\partial x} - \nu \frac{\partial^2 \psi}{\partial x^2} = 0$$

diffusive pseudo-velocity \rightarrow *[Math Processing Error]*



B-S-(M) PDE WITH UPWIND DISCRETIZATION

☒ stability condition (Courant no.) \longrightarrow [Math Processing Error]

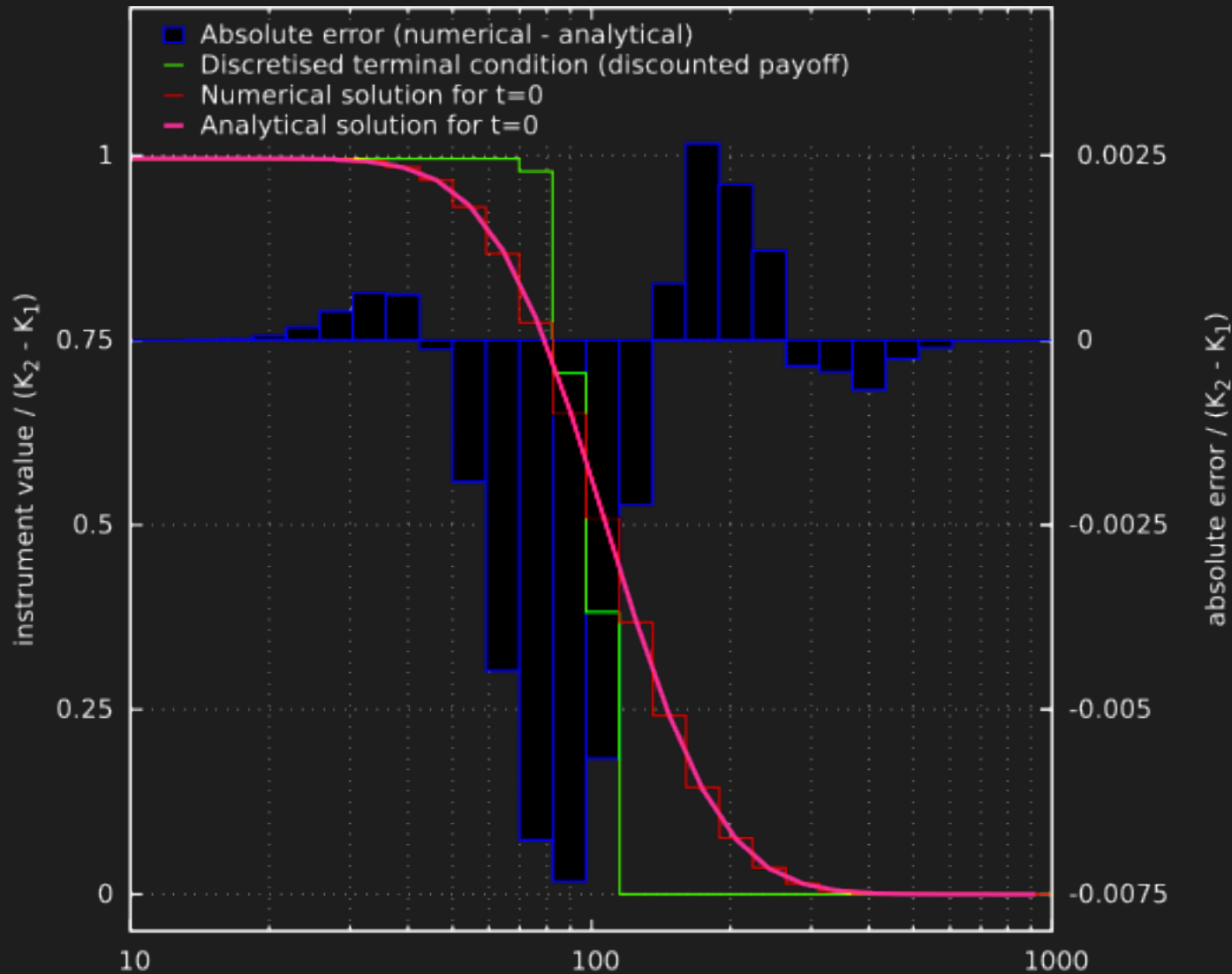
since A is bounded for $\psi \geq 0$, the condition $\longrightarrow \frac{1}{\sigma^2} \frac{\Delta x^2}{\Delta t} > 2$

☒ instrument pricing procedure:

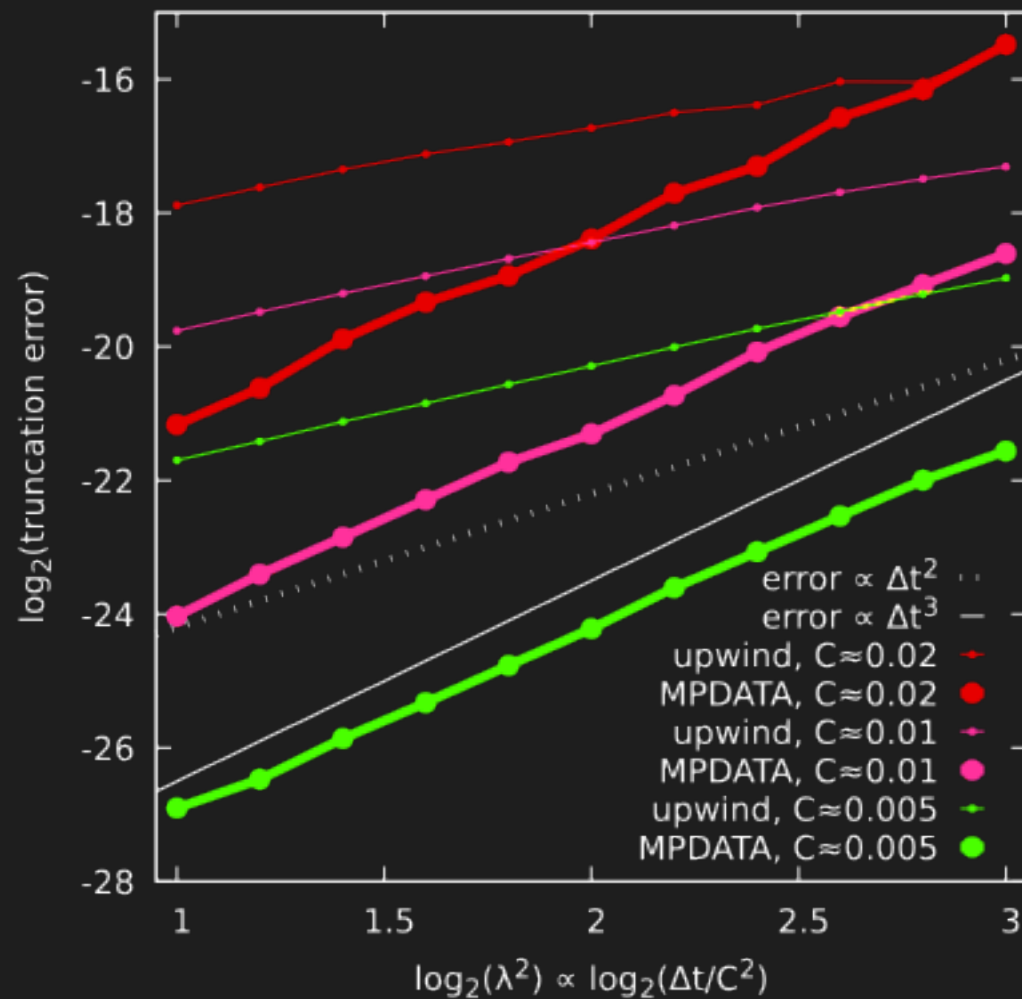
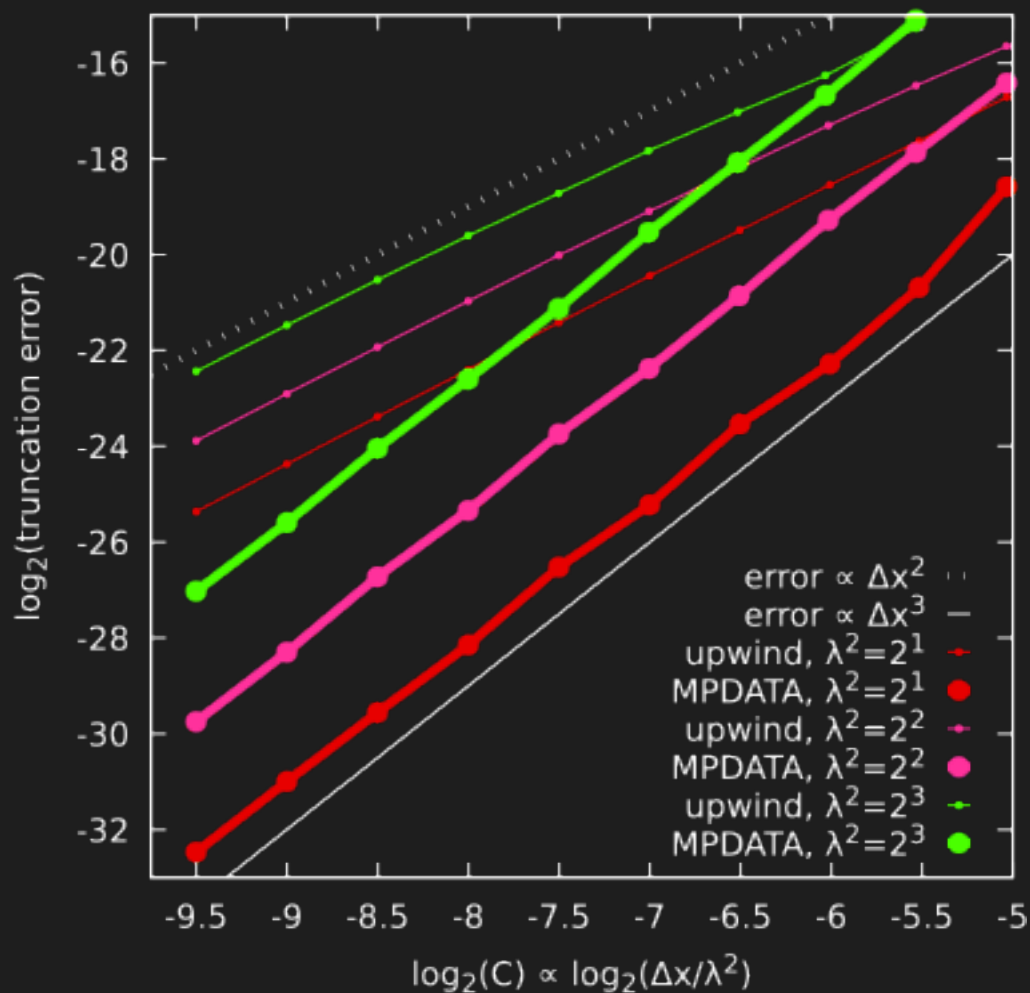
- terminal condition for $\psi|_{t=T} \longrightarrow$ discounted payoff (put/call option[s])
- integrate **backward in time!** ($T \longrightarrow 0$)
- $\psi|_{t=0} \longrightarrow$ value of the option as a function of the asset

☒ non-oscillatory, positive-definite scheme \longrightarrow monotonic price, optionality!

EXAMPLE: CORRIDOR (BUY OPTION TO SELL FOR K_2 , SELL OPTION TO SELL FOR K_1)



🚩 "SPATIAL" AND TEMPORAL CONVERGENCE FOR MPDATA/FCT (ITERATIVE UPWIND)¹



1. S. Arabas and A. Farhat, "Derivation of a new iterative upwind scheme for the numerical solution of Black-Scholes-Type Equations" *J. Comp. Appl. Math.* 373 (2020)



“GEOGRAPHY” OF DERIVATIVE PRICING PROBLEMS

European options

- can be exercised at expiration
- Black-Scholes(-Merton) analytic solutions

$$\frac{\partial f}{\partial t} + rS \frac{\partial f}{\partial S} + \frac{\sigma^2}{2} S^2 \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial S^2} - rf = 0$$

American options

- can be exercised **any time** prior to expiration
- Black-Scholes(-Merton) **inequality** (free boundary problem)

[Math Processing Error]

Asian options (Eurasian here, also Amerasian/Hawaiian)

- payoff depends on the **average asset value**
- path-dependent problem, **2D B-S(-M)** (augmented state-space)

$$\frac{\partial f}{\partial t} + v \frac{\partial f}{\partial A} + rS \frac{\partial f}{\partial S} + \frac{\sigma^2}{2} S^2 \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial S^2} - rf = 0 \quad A = \frac{1}{T} \int_0^t S(\tau) d\tau \quad \rightsquigarrow \quad v = S/T$$

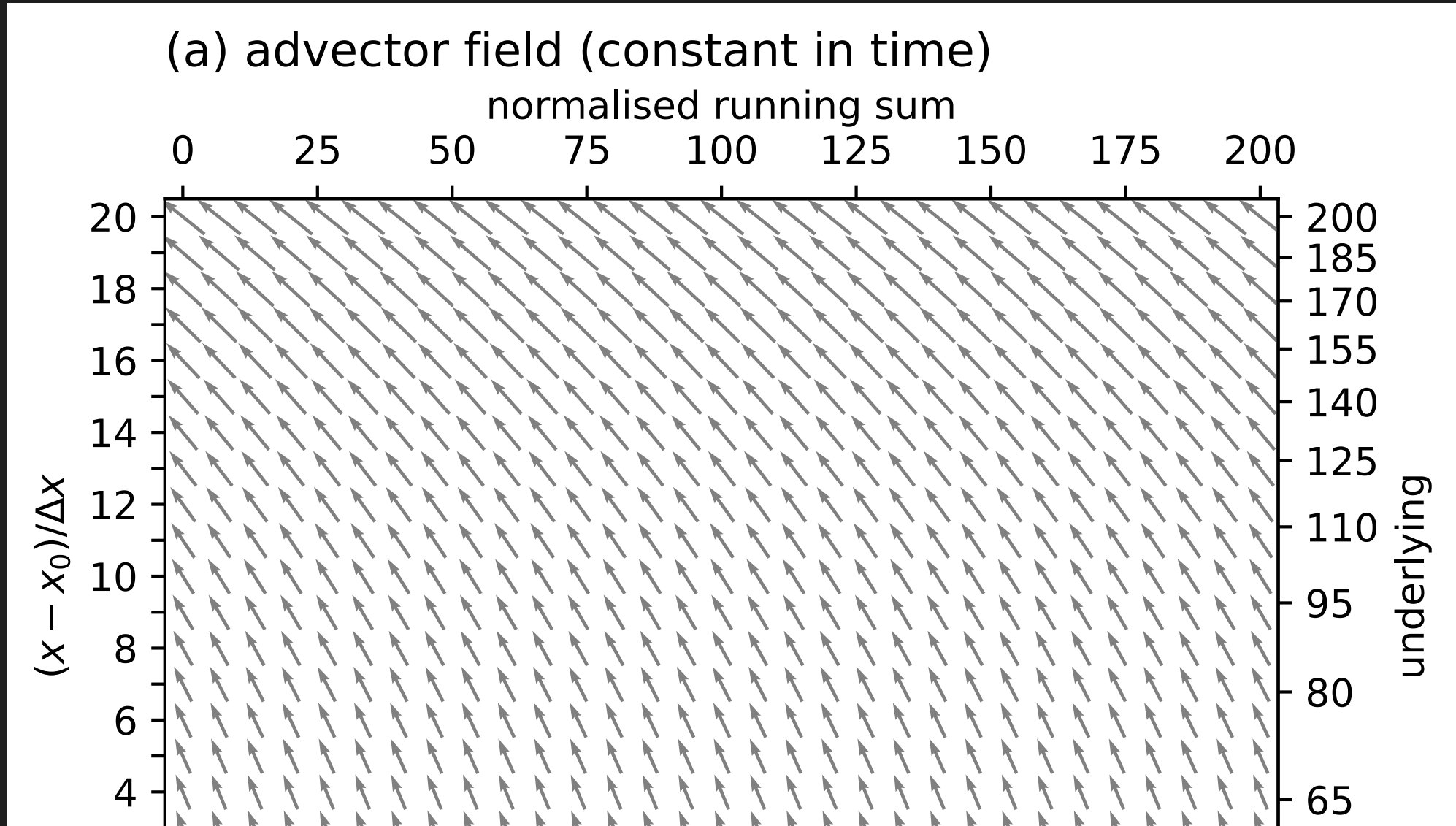


ASIAN OPTION PRICING AS A TRANSPORT PROBLEM

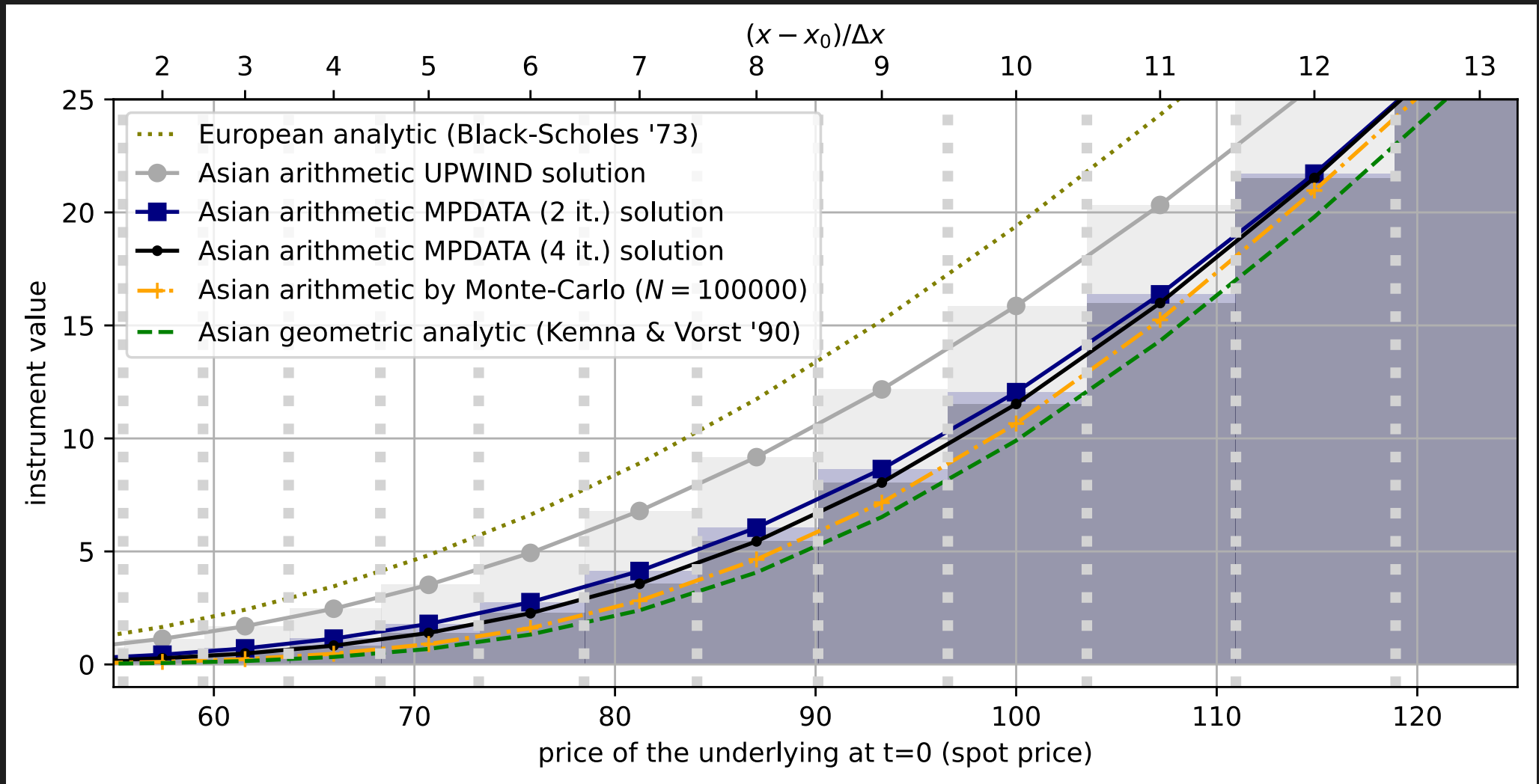
$$\partial_t \psi + \nabla \cdot (\vec{u} \psi) = 0$$

[Math Processing Error]

VALUATION EXAMPLE: OPTION TO BUY WITH $F(S,A,T)=\text{MAX}(A(T)-K, 0)$ PAYOFF



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Monte-Carlo benchmark; analytic only for geometric mean

- 📌 quant-finance application of the non-oscillatory **MPDATA**¹
- 📌 single-operator numerics for the B-S(-M) valuation framework (1D or 2D)
- 📌 positive-definite \rightarrow optionality; non-oscillatory \rightarrow monotone price
- 📌 open-source **pure-Python** implementation: **PyMPDATA** (\rightarrow Numba[-MPI])
- 📌 Jupyter/Colab notebooks (PyMPDATA @ Software Afternoon session!)



1. W. W. Grabowski and P. K. Smith, "Monotone Finite-Difference Approximations to the Advection-Condensation Problem," *Mon. Weather Rev.* 118 (1990)

 CFD \rightsquigarrow  QUANTITATIVE FINANCE

[proposal] “to investigate robust and effective numerical schemes documented in the **computational fluid dynamics** literature as alternatives to commonly used numerical schemes in financial engineering, with the aim of **improving the finite difference methods gene pool...**”¹

 QUANTITATIVE FINANCE \rightsquigarrow  CFD

the 2D Asian option problem as a test case for advection schemes (vs. **Monte-Carlo** & \approx analytic)?

1. D. Duffy, “A Critique of the 10th European Seminar on Computing, PISA, 2025-06-08 Financial Instrument Pricing,” *WILMOTT 4* (2004)

THANK YOU FOR YOUR ATTENTION

- **European & American option pricing with MPDATA: Arabas & Farhat 2020**
[arXiv:1607.01751](#) (JCAM 2020)
- **Asian option pricing with MPDATA: Magnuszewski & Arabas 2025**
[arXiv:2505.24435](#)